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# IL-MERILL BULLETIN OF THE MALTA ORNITHOLOGICAL SOCIETY 



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- The Editor welcomes contributions treating any aspect of the Onichology of the Maltese Islands and the Mediterranean for publication in this Bulletin.

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REPORT ON BIRD-RINGING FOR 1975 AND 1976 by Joe Sultana \& Charles Gauci

This ringing report covers the two-year period $1975-76$ during which a total of 19,685 , birds were ringed. Comparing this figure with that of the two previous correspondingyears (1973-74) one notes an increase of 5,350 birds. This may be attributed to the increase in the number of ringers ( 13 at the end of 1976 ), as well as to the growing expertise and effort on the part of the few dedicated ones.

The number of birds ringed in 1975 and 1976 was 10,176 of 86 species and 9,509 of 90 species respectively; the former being the highest for one year since ringing was started in autumn 1965. There was a slight decrease in the total of 1976 (667 less than in 1975) but an increase of 4 in the number of species ringed. Since 1965 the grand total scands at 64,145 birds of 126 species as on 31.12.1976.

5 new species were added to the ringing list during 1975 . These were Richard's Pipit, Rufous Bush Chat, Fieldfare: Brambling and Lapland Bunting; the last also being the first recorded for Malta. During 1976 only one species - Black-headed Gull - was added; however, thete was a worthy addition of a new subspecies - the eastem race of the Collared Flycatcher $F$.a. semitorquata - which was also newly recorded for Malta. Rate visitors ringed included 2 Rustic Buncings, 2 Orphean Warblers and an Olivaceous Warbler.

With only about 13 resident species and 5 summer visitors, our ringing totals depend very much on the spring and autumn migrants as well as the winter visitors. As was expected tie best months were again April and May and October and November, both the peaks of the migration in spring and auturnn respectively. In the months of June and July, the almost total lack of ringed migrants was compensated by the number of ringed Storm Perrels ( 1,243 in 1975 and 460 in 1976) during 3 and 2 night visits respectively to Filla Isler.

Though the pattern of migration is generally the same year after year, the numbers involved within a species of spring and autumn migrants and winter visitors flactuate appreciably and depend to a large extent on the weather condition. Thus the total numbers of certain species of migrants are very variable from year to year. These changes (e.g. only 383 Swallows ringed in 1975 but 840 in 1976; 104 Great Reed Warblers ringed in 1975 while 61 were ringed in 1976 ) can be also explained by the fact that there are usually a few notable influxes of various species in spring and autumn which may either be totally missed of taken full advantage of by the -ingers. The latter can only operate during their spare time, mainly during weekends.

Topping the list of birds ringed for both years we find the Robin with 1,584 and 1,381 respectively. In 1975 it was followed by the Storm Petrel (1,243), the Chiffchaff (986), the Blackcap (718), the Spanish Sparrow (690), the Garden Warbler (555), the House Martin (391), the Swallow (383), the Sardinian Warbler (365) and the Yellow Wagtail (317). The best totals in 1976 following that of the Robin were those of the Chiffchaff $(1,108)$, the Swallow (840), the Spanish Sparrow (820), the Sardinian Warbler (531), the Garden Warbler (486), the Storm Petrel (460), the House Martin (319), the Wood Warbler (348) and the Subalpine Warbler (346). Topping the first 10 places in the grand total list at the end of 1976 we find 3 winter visitors (Robin 8,286, Chiffchaff 7,085 and Blackcap 2,114); 4 spring and aurumn mi grants (Swallow 6,041, Garden Warbler 3,129, Sand Martin 2,742 and House Martin 2,388 ); 2 resident species (Spanish Sparrow 4, 515 and Sardinian Warbler 2,401); and l sum-
mer visitor (Storm Petrel, 7,937 ).
Being the highest since ringing started, the totals for 1975 and 1976 produced remarkable record torals for several species. Thus, the record totals in 1975 of the Cetti's Warbler (37), Sedge Warbler (111), Subalpine Warbler (298) and Wood Warbler (166) were bettered in 1976, reaching 43, 126, 346 and 348 respectively. (That of the Collared Flycatcher (26) was again repeated in 1976).

Record totals in 1975 which were not bettered in 1976 were: Cory's Shearwater - 154; Yellow Wagtail - 317; Dunnock - 89; Reed Warbler - 96; Great Reed Warbler - 104; Garden Warbler - 555; Blackcap - 718; Willow Warbler - 141; Pied Flycatcher - 150 ; Robin - I 584; Chaffinch - 57; and Reed Bunting - 18.

The record totals reached in 1976 were:
Manx Shearwater - 85; Scops Owl - 17; Tree Pipit - 133; Meadow Pipit - 62; Icterine Warbler-91; Sardinian Warbler - 531; Spotted Flycatcher - 91 ; Stonechat - 83; Nightingale - 125 ; and Spanish Sparrow -820 .

Except for the Storm Petrel and the Shearwaters, most birds ringed in any number are small passerine species. Very few wader species were ringed (only 6 in 1975). Much effort on the part of two ringers produced 44 in 1976 . Like most other species with the size of a Skylark or larger, waders are much harassed by local shooters. Furthemore, suitable wader-carching areas are restricted to Ghadira and a handful of small reservoirs in various valleys.

The main ringing sites during 1975 were Buskett/Wied il-Luq area, Salina, Girgenti, Mdina/Rabat area, Xemxija and Lunzjata. Other sites used were Ghadira, Wied Znuber/ Hal Far, Targa Gap, Munxar and Ramla Valley. The same sites were again used in 1976 with the addition of the Marsa/Addoloraca area and Sarraflu (Gozo).

The main part of this report is devoted to Ringing Recoveries. These are presented in two sections - (a) recoveries of birds ringed in Malta and (b) foreign ringed birds recovered in Malta. In both sections, recoveries in both years are treated together. In the recoveries of birds ringed in Malta, only those recovered at least 5 km away from the ringing site are included - the list comprises 80 recoveries of 29 species. The most remarkable are a Manx Shearwater found dead in Greece, a Sand Martin controlled in Holland, 3 Swallows in Poland, Sweden and the Central African Republic respectively; a Great Reed Warbler controlled in East Germany, a 1975 spring Pied Flycatcher found dead in Spain in the autumn of 1976 , and a Rustic Bunting ( 3 rd for the ringing list) recovered on the island of Rhodes 11 days after it was ringed in October 1976. Other interesting recoveries were 4 Stom Petrels (Sicily and Ionian Sea); a Grey Wagtail, a Redstart and a Robin in Tunisia; a Starling, a Garden Warbler and 2 Song Thrishes in Iraly; also a Robin in Algeria. Of the local movement recoveries 3 Cetti's Warblers reared in the Girgenti/Wied il-Luq area moved to Gozo presumably trying to colonize new areas for this recently established species. 5 Robins, 5 Chiffchaffs and 2 Swallows were among 21 recoveries of birds ringed in Malta and recovered in Gozo or viceversa. A migrating redstart was recovered within 5 km of its ringing site in the subsequent season.

As in previous years there were many retraps. The most interesung were as usual those involving wintering species, mainly Chiffchaff, Robin and Black cap, retrapfed in subsequent winters. It is hoped that retraps, which do not figure in this report, will be treated together with those of previous years in a fucure issue of 'll-Merill'.

The section of foreign-ringed birds recovered in Mal ta comprises 48 birds of 27 species. Some of these recoveries occurred previous to 1975 but only recently came to our notice. Of these foreign recoveries only a Sedge Warbler (ringed in Austria), 2 Blackcaps (one ringed in France and one in Norway) and a Pied Flycatcher (ringed in West Gemany) were controlled by M.O.S. ringers. Details of the others were reported to us by various ringing schemes and by shooters or trappers who 'found' the ringed birds. Some were discovered in earlier reports of respective ringing schemes.

All these recoveries are remarkable. They include among others the first Gull-billed

Tern and the first Sanderling to be recovered in Mal the latter was ringed in South Africa); 4 Ospreys (the 8 th and 9 th from Sweden and the 10 th and 11 dh from Finland) bringing the total of 20 Ospreys recovered in Malta; the 3rd Marsh Harsier from Finalad; and the 7 th and 8th Caspian Tem from Sweden. An East German Dunlin, a Finnish Common Sandpiper, the 2nd Danish Cormorant and a Finnish Wryneck are also worthy of mention.

The iM.O.S. Ringing Group started 1975 with 10 ringers, 3 of which J. Azzopardi, M.V. Gauci and C.A. Pomeroy, had just qualified for a ringing permit. The other ringers who had the ringing permit renewed from the previous year were $S$. Borg, V. Cilia, C. Gauci, T. Gauci, B.K. German, J. Grech and J. Sultana. By the middle of the year F. Smith brought the total number of ringers to 11 . During their brief holiday in spring, B. T.O. ringers G. \& J. Hirons, B. Evison and J. Gandy also helped in bird ringing. So did J.A.Hardman during his holiday in August.

In 1976 the Group again started with 10 ringers as C.A. Pomeroy left the islands. During the year S. Borg left the Kinging Group; however, two other members R. Cachia Zammit and M. Grima qualified for a ringing permic in March bringing up the total of ringers to 11 . By the end of 1976 the number of ringers stood at 13 . E. Mackrill, a B.T.O. ringer, working in Libya put up residence in Malta and joined the Group in the latter half of the year. F. Smith left the islands in December, while R.M. Holman and V. Sammut completed successfully their training to qualify for a ringing permit. Other trainees, mainly J. Attard Montalto, A.E. Baldachino, D. Cachia, E. Curmi and R. Testa frequently helped the ringers duriñg ringing activities:

The M.O.S. Executive Committee has lately entrusted the maning of the M.O.S. Ringing Group in the hands of a Ringing \& Research Committee which for the next two years is composed of J.Sultana - Ringing \& Research Officer; C. Gauci - Ringing Secretary; M. Thake - Research Co-ordinator; J. Grech - Gozo Representative; R. Cachia Zammir Committee's Secretary; and E. Curmi - Asst. Research Co-ordinator and Young Members Section Representative.

The Ringing and Migration Section of the British Trust for Omithology continued to supply us with rings and handled our recoveries most efficiently. In addition to the B.T.O. rings, the M.O.S. al so ordered Maltaraddressed $A$ (size 2.3 ) rings which were used for the first time in 1976 mostly on resident species and on some migrants.

On behalf of the M.O.S. we wish to express our thanks to Robert Spencer, the Senior Research Officer of the Ringing and Migration Section of the B.T.O. for his unfailing support. Grateful acknowledgement is made to the B.T.O. for the supply of rings at a reduced price and for handing all our recoveries. Acknowledgement is also extended to the Andrews Feed Malta Ltd. for a donation of $£ M 100$ and to the Bird Reserves Overseas Committee for a donation of $£ 15$. Thanks are al so due to the foreign ringing schemes for informing us about recoveries in Mal ta and for sending their respective ringing reports; to the ringers and helpers of the M.O.S. Ringing Group; to all those who forwarded ringing details of recovered ringed birds; and to P. Geroudet (Switzerland), W. Thiede (Germany), W. Rydzewski (Poland), A. Keve (Hungary) and B. Massa (Sicily) for the information re cermin recoveries.
-During the past two years, C. Gauci, the Ringing Secretary was busy recording all the data of ringed and recovered birds in a meticulous manner and he was responsible for keeping the ringers informed by issuing a newsletter every other month.

With this report we prepared a map showing all past recoveries of Swallows, Sand Martins and House Martins, both those ringed in Malta and recovered overseas, as well as those foreign-ringed ones recovered in Malta.

## RINGING AND RECOVERY TOTALS to 31.12 .76

|  | Ringed in | Ringed in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Species | 1975 | 1976 |


| Grand Total | Grand Total |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ringed | Recovered |
| $1965-1976$ | $1965-1976$ |


| Calonectris diomedea | 154 | 49 | 538 | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Puffinus puffinus | 19 | 85 | 181 | 1 |
| Hydrobates pelagicus | 1,243 | 460 | 7,937 | 20 |
| Ixobrychus minutus | 3 | 2 | 15 | 1 |
| Falco tinnunculus | 2 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Cotumix colurnix | - | - | 3 | - |
| Rallus aquaticus | 4 | 1 | 15 | - |
| Porzana porzana | - | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| Porzana parva | - | - | 4 | - |
| Gallinula cbloropus | 8 | - | 21 | 2 |
| Cbaradrius biaticula | -- | - | 4 | - |
| Cbaradrius dubius | - | - | 27 | 1 |
| Vanellus vanellus | - | - | 1 | - |
| Calidris minuta | - | 33 | 133 | 3 |
| Calidris temminckii | - | - | 8 | - |
| Calidris alpina | - | 1 | 7 | - |
| Calidris ferruginea | 1 | 6 | 16 | 2 |
| Pbilomacus pugnax | - | 1 | 13 | 1 |
| Tringa ochropus | - | 1 | 9 | 3 |
| Tringa glareola | - | - | 43 | 6 |
| Tringa bypoleucos | 5 | 2 | 18 | - |
| Gallinago gallinago | -- | - | 6 | 1 |
| Gallinago media | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| L ymnocryptes minimus | - | - | 1 | - |
| Lanus melanocepbalus | - | - | 1 | - |
| Larus ridibundus | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Larus argentatus | 1 | 3 | 13 | 1 |
| Strep topelia turtur | 1 | 2 | 20 | 4 |
| Cuculus canorus | 1 | - | 8 | - |
| Otus scops | 9 | 17 | 70 | 3 |
| Caprimulgus europaeus | - | 4 | 11 | 1 |
| Ayus apus | - | - | 2 | - |
| Alcedo atthis | 2 | 5 | 30 | 5 |
| Upupa epops | - | - | 6 | $\cdots$ |
| Jynx torquilla | 19 | 26 | 152 | 1 |
| Riparia riparia | 250 | 272 | 2,742 | 16 |
| Hirundo rustica | 383 | 840 | 6,041 | 45 |
| Hirundo daurica | 3 | 1 | 19 | 1 |
| Delichon urbica | 391 | 359 | 2,388 | 7 |
| Calandrella cinerea | 19 | 4 | 86 | 1 |
| L-ullula arborea | 1 | - | 2 | - |
| Alauda arvensis | 4 | - | 20 | 4 |
| Anthus novaeseelandiae | 1 | - | 1 | -- |
| Antbus campestris | - | - | 5 | -- |
| Antbus trivialis | 72 | 133 | 497 | 1 |


| Antbus pratensis | 49 | 62 | 265 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthus cervinus | - | 2 | 4 | - |
| Motacilla llava | 317 | 111 | 1,227 | 17 |
| Motacilla cinerea | 25 | 41 | 305 | 5 |
| Motacilla alba | 17 | 32 | 181 | 5 |
| Lanius collurio | 3 | 5 | 44 | - |
| Lanius senator | 8 | 9 | 72 | - |
| Oriolus oriolus | 14 | 6 | 53 | 2 |
| Sturnus vulgaris | 28 | 3 | 46 | 4 |
| Troglodytes troglodyies | 1 | - | 15 | - |
| Prunetla modularis | 89 | 58 | 372 | 3 |
| Cettia cetti | 37 | 43 | 158 | 7 |
| Locustella luscinioides | - | 5 | 16 | - |
| Locustella fluviatilis | - | - | 1 | - |
| Locustella nuevia | - | - | 2 | - |
| Lusciniola melanopogon | 6 | 1 | 33 | - |
| Acrocephalus schoenobaenus | 111 | 126 | 504 | 1 |
| Acrocepbalus palustris | - | - | 3 | -- |
| Acrocepbalus scirpaceus | 96 | 80 | 459 | - |
| Acrocepbalus arindinaceus | 104 | 61 | 482 | 2 |
| Hippolais icterina | 84 | 91 | 383 | - |
| Hippolais pallida | 1 | - | 2 | - |
| Sylvia nisoria | - | - | 1 | - |
| Sylvia bortensis | 1 | 1 | 3 | - |
| Sylvia borin | 555 | 486 | 3,129 | 5 |
| Sylvia atricapilla | 718 | 252 | 2,114 | 7 |
| Sylvia communis | 122 | 78 | 834 | - |
| Sylvia curruca | - | 6 | 16 | - |
| Sylvia ruppelli | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| Sylvia melanocephala | 365 | 531 | 2,401 | 9 |
| Sylvia cantillans | 298 | 346 | 1,721 | -- |
| Sylvia conspicillata | 52 | 94 | 354 | 1 |
| Sylvia undata | 7 | 1 | 24 | - |
| Pbylloscopus trochilus | 141 | 139 | 921 | 1 |
| Pbylloscopus collybita | 986 | 1,108 | 7,085 | 16 |
| Pbylloscopus bonelli | 13 | 13 | 55 | - |
| Pbylloscopus sibilatrix | 166 | 348 | 1,086 | - |
| Regulus regulus | 17 | 2 | 47 | - |
| Regulus ignicapillus | 17. | 12 | 118 | 1 |
| Cisticola juncidis | 9 | 57 | 93 | 3 |
| Ficedula bypoleuca | 150 | 99 | 616 | 2 |
| Ficedula albicollis | 26 | 26 | 95 | - |
| Ficedula parva | 1 | 5 | 20 | - |
| Muscicapa striata | 71 | 91 | 395 | 2 |
| Saxicola rubetra | 29 | 12 | 173 | - |
| Saxicola torquata | 72 | 83 | 383 | 2 |
| Oenanthe oenanthe | 2 | 7 | 69 | - |
| Oenantbe bispanica | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| Oenantbe isabellina | - | - | 1 | - |
| Cercorrichas galactotes | 2 | - | 2 | - |
| Monticola saxatilis | -- | 2 | 3 | - |
| Monticola solitarius | 1 | 3 | 34 | 3 |


| Pboenicurus ocbruros | 10 | 1 | 24 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pboenicurus pboenicurus | 162 | 1.53 | 1,054 | 2 |
| Erithacus rubecula | 1,584 | 1,38] | 8,286 | 117 |
| Luscinia megarbyncho. 5 | 94 | 125 | 689 | 1 |
| Luscinia luscinia | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| Luscinia svecica | 2 | 3 | 29 | - |
| Turdus pilaris | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Turdus torquatus | - | - | 00 | 11 |
| Turdus merula | 19 | 11 | 99 | 11 |
| Turdus iliacus | 9 | 4 | 19 | - |
| Turdus philomelos | 43 | 53 | 325 | 21 |
| Remiz pendulimus | - | - | 2 | 1 |
| Passer bispaniolensis | 690 | 820 | 4,515 | 64 |
| Passer montanus | 11 | 16 | 71 | - |
| Passer mont. $\times$ bisp. | 1 | - | - 1 | - |
| Fringilla coelebs | 57 | 54 | 229 | 4 |
| Fringilla monti/ringilla | 1 | 2 | ${ }^{3}$ | - |
| Serinus serinus | 21 | 11 | 112 | ${ }^{4}$ |
| Carduelis chloris | 1 | 1 | 252 | 18 |
| Carduelis spinus | 2 | - | 3 | -- |
| Carduelis carduelis | - | 5 | 6 | - |
| Acanthis cannabina | 23 | 3 | 851 | 53 |
| Catpodacus erythrinus | - | - | 1 | - |
| Emberiza calandra | 18 | 13 | 69 | - |
| Emberiza citrinella | - | - | 1 | - |
| Emberiza bortulana | - | - | 2 | -- |
| Emberiza rustica | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Emberiza scboeniclus | 18 | 1 | 25 | - |
| Calcarius lapponicus | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Totals | 10,176 | 9,509 | 64,152 | 543 |

## RINGING RECOVERIES

This section deals with 80 recoveries of 29 species during $1975-76$ in the Maltese Islands. Only trose recovered ar least 5 km away from the ringing site are included, except for 1 Pboenicurus pboenicurus, which, though recovered within the limit of 5 km , was recovered in the subsequent year. Forlocal recoveries the approximate distance covered and direction are given.

Key to symbols and terms used in the recovery list
Arrangement of entry: recoveries are artanged by species, and within the species usually by the date of recovery. Ringing details are given on the first line and recovery data on the second.

Ring number : where this is followed by an asterisk (*) the ring has been returned.
Age code : 1 :pullus; young bird ringed in the nest.
IJ = fledged, but flying so weakly that it is obviously incapable of having travelled far from the nest.
$2=$ fully grown; year of hatching quite unknown.
3 = definitely hatched during current calendar year.
$3 \mathrm{~J}=$ definitely hatched during current calendar year and sull partly or completely in juvenile body plumage.
$4=$ hatched before current calendar year; exact year unknown.
5 = definitely hatched during last calendar year.
6 = hatched before last calendar year; exact year unknown.
(a number in brackets beside the age code 1 indicates the size of the brood)
Sex $: M=$ male
$F=$ female
Manner of recovery : $v=$ caught or trapped, and released with ring.
$+=$ shot or killed by man.
$x=-$ found dead or dying.
() = caught or trapped alive and not released, or released but widt ring removed.
$/ ? /=$ manner of recovery unknown.
Date of recovery : where this is unknown the date of the reporting letter is given instead and is shown in brackets. An 00 in the date indicates that the exact day or month are unknown.

Co-ordinates of ringing sites omitted from text:

```
Filfla - 35'47'N, 1402 25'E
I-Ahrax Pt. - 35'58'N, 14023' E
Ramla Valley, Gozo - 3600'N, 14017'E
Lunzjata,Gozo-36003'N, 14'14' E
Valletta - 35054'N, 14032'E
Girgenti - 35051'N, 14025'E
Wied il-I_uq/Buskett - 35051'N, 14926' E
Wied Znuber/Hal Far-35%49'N, 14'31'E
```

| Cory's Shearwater |  | Calonectris diomedea |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FS 00.655 | 4 | 06.08 .73 | Filfla. |
|  | + | (05.04.75) | Mellieha Bay ( 20 km N ) . |
| SS 92.734 | 4 | 14.06 .70 | ibidem. |
|  | $v$ | 28.06 .76 | ca. 9.5 km off Munxar Reef. |
| FV 05.034 | 4 | 07.06 .75 | ibidem. |
|  | $v$ | 28.06 .76 | ca. 9.5 km off Munxar Reef. |
| FV 05.205 | 4 | 10.06 .76 | ibidem. |
|  | $v$ | 28.06 .76 | ca. 9.5 km off Munxar Reef. |
| FV 05.206 | 4 | 10.06 .76 | ibidem. |
|  | v | 28.06 .76 | ca. 9.5 km off Munxar Reef. |

## Manx Shearwater $P_{\text {uffinus } p u / f i n u s}$

| EB 68.806 | 4 | 21.05 .76 | L-Ahrax Point, Mellieha. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $x$ | 18.07 .76 | Lagonisi: ca. $37^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 23^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Attiki) Greece. |

Stom Petrel Hydrobates pelagicus

| 214.8353 | 4 | 28.06 .73 | Filfla. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | + | 15.04 .75 | Ionian Sea: ca. $38^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 17^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ E It |
| 212.6117 | 4 | 06.08 .73 | ibidem. |
|  | $t$ | 15.04 .75 | ca. 25 km off Syracuse: ca. $36055^{\prime} \mathrm{N}$ |
| 212.0540 | 4 | 27.05 .72 | ibidem. |
|  | $\pm$ | 27.04 .75 | Lago di Siracusa: $37^{\circ} 04^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 15^{\circ} 16^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ |
| 697.638 | 4 | 13.06 .70 | ibidem. |
|  | v | 10.07 .71 | loco. |
|  | + | 29.07 .76 | Southern Ionian Sea, off Syracuse: Italy. |
| 212.0052 | 4 | 27.05 .72 | ibidem. |
|  | v | 16.08 .76 | off Delimara Pt. (ca. 15 km ENE). |
| 214.8758 | 4 | 28.06 .75 | ibidem. |
|  | v | 16.08 .76 | off Delimara Pt. (ca. $15 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{ENE)}$. |

Turtle Dove Strepiopelia turtur
$\begin{array}{lccl}\text { DS } 40.369 & \text { 4 } & 25.04 .75 & \text { Mosta. } \\ & \text { () } & 27.04 .75 & \text { Zejtun ( } 8 \mathrm{~km} \text { ESE) } .\end{array}$

[^0] S815350

| Swallow Hirundo rustica |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KA 35.207 | 4 | 01.04 .75 | Lunzjata Valley, Gozo, |
|  | v | 02.04 .75 | Mrichel ( 24 km SE) |
| JH 84.620 | 4 F | 01.04 .72 | Ramla Valley, Gozo. |
|  | x | (22.04.75) | Goien il-Kbir, Rabat ( 22 km SSE). |
| JX 03.427 | 3 | 19.09 .74 | Lunzjata, Gozo. |
|  | v | 24.04 .76 | Pilawa Gorna, Walbrzych: $50^{\circ} 41^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Wroclaw) Poland. |
| KC30.133 | $4 M$ | 23.04 .76 | Targa Gap, Mosta. |
|  | $v$ | 25.04 .76 | Sta. Lucia ( 11 km SE ). |
| KA 95.977 | 4 F | 09.05 .75 | Ramla Valley, Gozo. |
|  | x | 10.08 .76 | Algsjo, Asele: 64912'N, 17030'E (Vasterbotten) Sweden. |
| KA 96.348 | 4 M | 26.03 .76 | Lunzjata, Gozo. |
|  | () | (04.11.76) | Boda: $04^{\circ} 19^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 17026^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$, Central African Republic. |

House Martin Delicbon urbica

| KA 35.224 | 4 | 01.04 .75 | Lunzjata, Gozo. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $v ?$ | 04.04 .75 | Rabat ( 24 km SE ). |

Skylank Alauda arvensis

| BS 45.120 | 2 M | 27.10 .75 | Hal Far. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | + | 08.11 .75 | B'Kara ( 10 km NW ). |

Yellow Wagtail Motacilla flava


## Grey Wagtail Motacilla cinerea

| JK 31.551 | 4 M | 23.10 .72 | Lunzjata, Gozo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | $/ ? /$ | $(29.12 .75)$ | Mahdia: $35^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 11^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Tunisia. |

Starling Sturnus vulgaris

| CH 89.953 | 4 M | 01.03 .75 | Valletta. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| + | 29.01 .76 | Castorano, San Benedetro: $42054^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 43^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Ascol i <br> $\quad$Piceno)Italy. |  |

Dunnock Prunella modularis
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Vallerta } & 2 & 01.11 .76 & \text { Lunzjata, Gozo. } \\ 00.050 & \text { v } & 07.11 .76 & \text { L-Iklin, B'Kara (23 } \mathrm{km} \text { SE). }\end{array}$
Cetti's Warbler Cettia cetti
$\begin{array}{rrrl}\text { KA } 95.911 & 1 \mathrm{~J} & 18.05 .75 & \text { Xemxija. } \\ & \mathrm{v} & 03.11 .75 & \text { Ramla Bay, Gozo ( } 17 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{NW} \text { N } .\end{array}$
KC 29.629 3 F 10.07 .76 Wiedil-Luq, Buskett.

| KC 26.996 | 3 M | 10.09 .76 | Girgenti. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | v | 30.10 .76 | Ghajn Barrani, Gozo ( 30 km NNW). |

Great Reed Warbler Acrocephalus arundinaceus
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { BR } 79.935 & 4 & 26.08 .75 & \text { Girgenti. } \\ & \mathrm{v} & 04.07 .76 & \text { Bärenbrück: } 51^{\circ} 49^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E} \text { (Cottbus) East Gemany. }\end{array}$

Garden Warbler Sylwia borin
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { HX } 94.934 & 3 & 12.09 .70 & \text { Wied il-Luq, Buskett. } \\ & + & 31.08 .75 & \text { Seminara: } 38^{\circ} 19^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 15^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{E} \text { (Reggio di Calabria) Italy. }\end{array}$
Blackcap Sylvia atricapilla

| JV 15.332 | 5 M | 19.01 .75 | Salina. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | v | 22.03 .75 | Buskett 9 km S$).$ |
| HX 76.315 | 4 M | 24.03 .70 | Ghadira. |
|  | v | 26.03 .75 | Mdina ( 10 km SE ). |
| KA 34.071 | 4 F | 18.01 .75 | Buskett. |
|  | v | 06.04 .75 | Xemxija ( 10 km NNW$).$ |

Sardinian Warber Sylvia melanocepbala

| KC 31.168 | 3 J | 16.05 .76 | Hal Far. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | () | 17.10 .76 | Qormi ( 8 km NW). |

Chiffchaff Phylloscopus collybita

| 162.830 | 2 | 24.11 .74 | Lunzjata, Gozo. <br> Girgenti ( 24 km SE). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | v | 29.03 .75 |  |
|  |  | \& 15.11.75 |  |
| 765.362 | 2 | 16.11 .74 | Salina. |
|  | v | 03.01 .76 |  |
|  |  | \& 08.02.76 | Lunzjata ( 19 km WNW). |
| 826.886 | 2 | 15.12 .74 | Lunzjata. nr. Paola ( 30 km SE ). |
|  | v | 07.03 .76 |  |
| 952.279 | 4 | 10.01 .76 | Hal Far. |
|  |  | 21.11 .76 | Lunzjata ( 35 km NW ) |


| 826.394 | 2 | 11.11 .74 | Lunzjata. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | v | 27.11 .76 | Birzebbugia ( 35 km SE). |
| 826.173 | 2 | 20.11 .74 | Xemxija. |
|  | v | 11.12 .76 | Addolorata Cemetry, Paola ( 13 km SE ). |

Fan-tailed Warbler Cisticola juncidis

| 962.417 | $1(5)$ | 12.06 .76 | Ghadira. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{x}$ | 00.08 .76 | Dingli ( 13 km SSE$).$ |

Pied Flycatcher Ficedula bypoleuca
$\begin{array}{cccl}\text { KA 34.885 } & \text { 5M } & 19.04 .75 & \text { Girgenti. } \\ & \mathrm{x} & 02.10 .76 & \text { Rincon de Soto, Calahorra: } 42^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 01^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{W} \text { (Logrono) }\end{array}$ Spain.

Stonechat Saxicola torquata

| JX 60.387 | 3 M | 03.11 .74 | Lunzjata. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | + | 09.01 .75 | Wiedis-Sewda (25 km SE). |

Redstart Pboenicurus pboenicurus

| JX 59.402 | 2 F | 15.09 .74 | Girgenti. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | v | 27.03 .75 | Rabat. |
| KA 96.537 | 4 M | 20.04 .75 | Wied Znuber, Hal Far. |
|  | x | 10.04 .76 | Ouled Mansour: $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 09^{\circ} 32^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Gafsa) Tunisia. |

Robin Eritbacus rubecula

| JV15.698 | 4 v | $\begin{aligned} & 04.11 .74 \\ & 06.02 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Wied Znuber, Hal Far. Girgenti ( 10 km WNW). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KB84.530 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 03.10 .75 \\ & 15.10 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Wied Znuber, Hal Far. Gharghur ( 26 km NNW). |
| KB 84.576 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.10 .75 \\ & 01.11 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Xemxija. <br> Ta' Qali ( 6 km SE). |
| KC 26.340 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ () \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.10 .75 \\ & 02.11 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Rabat. <br> Hagar Qim ( 14 km SE). |
| KC 26.306 | 3 $v$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.10 .75 \\ & 03.11 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Rabat. <br> Nadur, Gozo (20 km NNW). |
| KB 85.448 | 3. | $\begin{aligned} & 11.10 .75 \\ & 12.11 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Xemxija. <br> Ghajnsielem, Gozo ( 12 km NW ). |
| K B 85.040 | 3 v | $\begin{aligned} & 25.10 .75 \\ & 31.12 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Girgenti. <br> Victoria, Gozo ( 27 km NW ). |
| KC 30.994 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.10 .76 \\ & 25.10 .76 \end{aligned}$ | Lunzjata. <br> Tas-Santi ( 15 km SSE). |
| KH 80.651 | 3 v | $\begin{aligned} & 24.10 .76 \\ & 30.10 .76 \end{aligned}$ | Lunzjata. <br> Birzebbugia ( 35 km SE ). |


| KC 31.691 | 3 | 10.10 .76 | Xemxija. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $v$ | 31.10 .76 | Siggiewi ( 10 km SSE) . |
| KH 80.111 | 3 | 23.10 .76 | Xemxija. |
|  | () | 31.10 .76 | Hamrun (11 km SE). |
| KC31.975 | 3 | 20.10 .76 | Rabat. |
|  | ) | 00.10 .76 | Zurrieq ( 10 km SE). |
| KB 85.576 | 3 | 07.10 .75 | Rabat. |
|  | 0 | (13.11.76) | Mgarr ( 5 km NW). |
| KB 85.677 | 3 | 24.10 .75 | Rabat. |
|  | O) | (13.11.76) | Mgarr ( 5 km NW ) . |
| KC 31.486 | 2 | 11.09 .76 | Wied il-Luq. |
|  | () | 21.11 .76 | Qormi ( 6 km ENE). |
| JP 08.272 | 3 | 12.10 .73 | Wied Znuber. |
|  | x | 23.11 .76 | Mgarr ( 17 km NW ) . |
| KB 85.763 | 5 | 19.03 .76 | Buskett. |
|  | x | 25.12 .76 | Sidi Thabit: $36054^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 10^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Tunisia. |
| KC 26.903 | 3 | 12.12 .75 | Girgenti. |
|  | () | (19.11.76) | Senglea ( 9 km ENE) . |
| KC 26.044 | 3 | 23.10 .75 | Xemxija. |
|  | + | 26.12 .76 | Taguemount: $36^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 04^{\circ} 08^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ ( Al ger) Algeria. |

Blackbird Turdus merula

| XA 99.060 | 3 M | 01.11 .75 | Wied Znuber. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | () | 09.02 .76 | Mellieha (I7 km NW). |

Song Thrush Turdus pbilomelos

| CV 55.481 | 4 | 07.02 .71 | Buskert. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | + | $(28.02 .75)$ | Cropalati: $39^{\circ} 31^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 44^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Cosenza) Italy. |
| CP 66.988 | 2 | 26.10 .73 | San Anton Gardens. |
|  | + | 02.02 .76 | Matera: $40^{\circ} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 36^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Italy. |
| XA 99.070 | 3 | 24.10 .76 | Rabat. |
|  | + | 00.10 .76 | Zurrieq ( 10 km SE. |

Penduline Tit Remiz pendulinus

| J X | 59.829 | 4 | 30.11 .74 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | $0+$ | Lunzjata. |  |
|  | 00.03 .75 | Burmarrad (19km SE). |  |

Chaffinch Fringilla coelebs

| JX 60.704 | 4 M | 19.11 .74 | Ghadira. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | ()$\quad$ ca03.03.75 | Paola ( 16 km SE ). |  |

KC 26.322 $3 \mathrm{M} \quad 28.10 .75$ Rabat.
v 02.11.75 Wied il-Balluta ( 9 km NE ).

Linnet Acanthis cannabina

| JK 31.964 | $\begin{gathered} 2 F \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.11 .72 \\ & 00.10 .75 \end{aligned}$ | Mosta. <br> Fomm ir Rih ( 7 km W). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JX 59.759 | 2 F | 11.11.74 | Lunzjata. |
|  | () | 00.10 .75 | Fomm ir-Rih ( 16 km SSE) |
| JK 31.476 | 2 F | 04.11 .72 | ibidem. |
|  | () | 00.10 .75 | Fomm ir-Rih ( 16 km SSE ) |

Rustic Bunting Emberiza nustica
KH 80.580
3 M 13.10.76 Lunzjata.

+ 24.10.76 Rhodes: $36^{\circ} 26^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 28^{\circ} 14^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$ Greece.


## FOREIGN RINGED BIRDS RECOVERED IN MALTA

This section deals with 48 foreign ringed birds of 27 species recovered in Malta. Some of these were recovered previous to the two-year period (1975-76) covered by this report, but they only came to our notice iately.

The symbols and terms are the same as those used in the Ringing Recoveries. A number in brackets beside the age code I indicates the size of the brood.

Cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo
Copenhagen i 07.06 .75 Vorso, Horsens Fiord: $55^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 10^{\circ} 01^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Jutland), 3009

## Denmark.

Marsaxlokk: $35^{\circ} 51^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 33^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.
Night Heron Nycticurax nycticorax

| Zagreb | 4 | 10.06 .69 | Bilje: $45^{\circ} 37^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 18^{\circ} 43^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Hrvatska) Yugoslavia。 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C 229.924 |  | 16.10 .72 | S.E.Malta: ca. $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Grey Heron Ardea cinerea

| Gdansk <br> B 2484 | 1 | 27.07 .34 | Bielewo: $57^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 56^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Koscian) Poland. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | v | 19.10 .51 | on board of a ship off Mal ta. |

Purple Heron Ardea pupurea

| Zagreb <br> D 116.026 | 1 | 24.06 .75 | Apacin: $45^{\circ} 38^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 18^{\circ} 58^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Vojuodina) Yugoslavia. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $+\quad 09.09 .75$ | Sharghur: $35^{\circ} 56^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 27^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

Osprey Pandion baliaetus

| Stockholm$9.207 .286$ | 1 | 30.06 .67 | Rodskar: $59031^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 56^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Vastmanland) Sweden. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | + | 00.10 .67 | Tal-Handaq: $35^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sto ckholm } \\ & 9.211 .920 \end{aligned}$ | $1(3)$ | 23.06 .74 | Hasthall, Vastermo: $59^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 04^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Sodermanland) Sweden. |
|  | + | 00.09 .74 | Buskert: $35^{\circ} 51^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 144^{\circ} 26^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Helsinki$\text { M - } 9.292$ | 1 | 04.07 .74 | Kangasala: $61^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 24^{\circ} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Hame) Finland. |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | + | 00.09 .74 | Zebbiegh: $35^{\circ} 55^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14{ }^{\circ} 23^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$. |
| Helsinki$M-9.022$ | 1 | 01.07 .75 | Tammisaarimlk: $59^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 23^{\circ} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Uusimaa) Finland. |
|  | $+$ | 30.09 .75 | Malta: ca. $35^{\circ} 55^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 144^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Marsh Harrier Circus aeruginosus

| Helsinki <br> $\mathrm{H}-108.110$ | 1 | 06.07 .73 | $\mathrm{Kymi}: 60^{\circ} 33^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 26^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Laani) Finland. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $+=\mathrm{F} \cdot \mathrm{ca} 15.04 .74$ | Siggiewi: $35^{\circ} 51^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 26^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

Kestrel Falco tinnunculus

| Helgoland <br> 576.710 | 3 | 04.07 .35 | Garmisch-Partenkirchen: $47^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 11^{\circ} 06^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Oberbayern) <br> Gemany. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Helgoland <br> 48.300 | 3 | 02.07 .35 | Proskau: $50^{\circ} 35^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 17^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{Kr}$. Oppeln, Polen, Germany. |
|  | + | 08.04 .39 | Xaghra, Gozo: $36^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Quail Coturnix coturnix

| Bologna <br> S 49.195 | $/ ?$ | 20.04 .72 | Fano: $43^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 01^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Italy. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | + | 00.04 .74 | Ramla Bay (Gozo): $36^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 17^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Dunlin Calidris alpina

| Hiddensee $80.255 .299$ | 4 | 10.08 .76 | Langenwerder: $54^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 11^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Wi smar) E. Germany. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | + | 20.10 .76 | Ta' Qali: $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 144^{\circ} 25^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Praha | 3 | 10.09.75 | Senné: $48^{\circ} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 22^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Michalovca) Czechoslovakia. |
| Z 477.487 | $+$ |  |  |
|  |  | 29.09 .76 | Xghajra: $35^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 32^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Zabbar) . |

Sanderling Calidris alba

| Pretoria <br> BB 12.755 | 4 | 08.02 .75 | Oliphant's River mouth: $31^{\circ} 42^{\prime} \mathrm{S}, 18^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Cape) South <br> Africa. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $+\quad 22.05 .75$ | Marsascala: $35^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 34^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

## Common Sandpiper Tringa bypoleucos

| Hel sinki | 3 | 12.08 .72 | Espoo: $60^{\circ} 09^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 24^{\circ} 44^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Uusimaa) Finland. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{P}-289.603$ | + | 00.05 .73 | Salina: $35^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 25^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Mediterranean Gull Larus melanocepbalus

| Moskwa <br> E 162.714 | 3 | 02.07 .49 | Orlov Isles: $46^{\circ} 17^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 31^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Tendrovskii Bay) U.S.S.R. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | + | early 1950 | Valletta: $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 31^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
|  | 3 | 19.06 .75 | Smalenyi Island: $46^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 32^{\circ} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Tendra Bay) U.S.S.R. |
| $\text { M } 259.329$ |  |  |  |
|  | + | 00.10 .75 | Malta. |

Black-headed Gull Larus ridibundus


Gull-billed Tern Gelocbelidon nilotica

| Viborg | 1 | 11.06 .58 | Aggersborrggaard: $57^{\circ} 00^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}, 0916^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (N. Jylland) Denmark. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S 28.439 | $+\quad 06.04 .63$ | Zurrieq: $35^{\circ} 58^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

Caspian Tem Hydroprogne tschegrava

| Stockholm | 16.06 .73 Klyndroma, Graso: $60^{\circ} 27^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 18^{\circ} 35^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Uppland) Sweden. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7.055 .063 |  |


| Sto ckholm <br> 7.059 .183 | 1 | 12.06 .75 | Dansskaren: $58^{\circ} 06^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Ostergotland) Sweden. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $+\quad 08.09 .75$ | Ramla Bay (Gozo): $36^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 16^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

Wryneck Jynx torquilla

| Hel sinki | 2 | 25.08 .65 | Tampere: $61^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 23^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Iidesjarvi) Finand. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A 286.783 |  |  |  |
|  | () | 31.10 .65 | Marsascala: $35^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 1434^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Sand Martin Riparia riparia

| Copenhagen <br> 9.193 .305 | 4 | 21.07 .68 | Munkeby: $54^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 11^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Lolland) Denmark. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\vee$ | 19.09 .69 | Mgarr: $35^{\circ} 55^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 22^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Swallow Hirundo rustica

| Sempach <br> 527.909 | 3 F | 30.07 .60 | Pointe-àla-Bise: $46^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 06^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Genève) Switzerland. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | + | 02.05 .61 | Gozo: $36^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} \mathrm{I} 4^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Hiddensee <br> 90.262 .338 | 1 | 03.08 .72 | Pirna: $50^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Bezirk Dresden) E. Germany. |
|  | + | 00.04 .73 | Birkirkara: $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

## Yellow Wagtail Motacilla flava

| London | 3 M | 23.09 .74 | Dragonada: $35^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 26^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Crete. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| JX01.344 | () ca. 12.04 .76 | Qormi: $35^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |  |

Staring Sturnus yulgatis
Paris /?/ 17.12.73 Haffouz, Kairouan: $35^{\circ} 58^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 09^{\circ} 41^{\prime}$ E Tunisia.

GD 15.495

$$
x(t) \quad 30.10 .75 \quad \text { Luqa: } 35^{\circ} 52^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{E} .
$$

Sedge Warbler Acrocepbalus schoenobaenus

| Radolfzell <br> BP 71.695 | 3 | 20.09 .76 | Illmitz, Bez Neusied!: $47^{\circ} 46^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Burzenland) <br> Austria. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | v | 16.10 .76 | Ramla Valley: $36^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 17^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Blackcap Sylvia atricapilla

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paris } \\ & 1.781 .567 \end{aligned}$ | /?/ | 10.04 .74 | Si. Bauzile che de Mende: $44^{9} 31^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 03^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Lozère) France. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{v}=4 \mathrm{M}$ | 15.03 .75 | Mdina: $35^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 144^{\circ} 24^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Stavenger 9.399 .342 | 3 M | 06.10 .75 | Jomfruland, Kragero: $58^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 09093{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Telemark) Norway. |
|  | v | 25.10 .75 | Wied il-Luq, Buskett: $35^{\circ} 51^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 26^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Pied Flycatcher Ficedula bypoleuca

```
Helgoland I 04.06.72 Braunschweig: 52`22'N, 11 01'E (Niedersachsen)
9H107.485
W. Germany.
\[
\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{M} \quad 11.04 .76
\]
Rabat: \(35^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 24^{\prime} \mathrm{E}\).
```

Chaffinch Fringilla coelebs

| Bologna | 2 | 16.11 .70 | Pozzuolo Castro: $45^{\circ} 36^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 10^{\circ} 31^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Polpenazze) Italy. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| L 57.035 | 0 | 00.11 .72 | Sannat (Gozo): $36^{\circ} 01^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Serin Serinus serinus

| Liubljana | 2 M | 18.10 .75 | Ljubljana: $46^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Yugoslavia. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 71.566 |  | 28.12 .76 | Safi: $35^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |

Siskin Carduelis spinus

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { L jubljana } \\ & 43.084 \end{aligned}$ | 2 F | 06.10 .74 | Zalog: $46^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 37^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Yugoslavia. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | () | 00.10 .74 | Malta. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Praha } \\ & \text { M } 677.414 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 19.10 .73 | Breclav: $48^{\circ} 46^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 16^{\circ} 93^{\prime}$ E Czechoslovakia. |
|  | O | 00.10 .75 | Ta' Xbiex: $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Moskwa <br> XA 184.040 | 2 M | 15.09.75 | Liepaya District, near Pape: $56^{\circ} 09^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 21^{\circ} 02^{\prime}$ E Latvian S.S.R. |
|  | 121 | 15.12 .75 | Ghaxaq: $35^{\circ} 51^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14331^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { L jubljana } \\ & 59.424 \end{aligned}$ | 2 F | 04.10 .75 | Zalec/Celje: $46^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 15^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Yugoslavia. |
|  | () | 05.11 .75 | Cospicua: $35^{\circ} 53^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 311^{\prime}$. |

Linnet Acantbis cannabina

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Praha } \\ & \text { M } 422.173 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 20.07 .62 | Trnava: $48^{\circ} 22^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 17^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ E Czechoslovakia. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | () | 07.11 .62 | Birkirkara: $35^{\circ} 93^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 27^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Sempach | 3 F | 04.10.72 | Col de Bretolet/VS: $46^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 06^{\circ} 08^{\prime}$ E Switzerland. |
| A 135.513 | () | 15.10.72 | Kercem, Gozo: $36^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 13^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Bologna <br> L 465.252 | 4 F | 04.04 .74 | Porto S. Giorgio: $43^{\circ} 11^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Italy |
|  | () | end 10.74 | Luqa: $35^{\circ} 57^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| $P_{\text {raha }}$ <br> M617.399 | 2 F | 05.05 .71 | Topol'cany: $48^{\circ} 34^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 18^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Czechoslovakia. |
|  | 0 | 20.03 .75 | Ghar Lapsi: $35^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 25^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Bologna$\text { L } 139.407$ | 4 M | 19.04 .73 | Via Litoranea Humana: $43^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 36^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Italy . |
|  | () | 16.03 .75 | Delimara: $35^{\circ} 49^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 34^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| Bologna <br> L 455.098 | 2 F | 28.04 .74 | Marina, Massignano: $43^{\circ} 03^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ Italy . |
|  | 0 | 04.11 .75 | St. Andrew's: $35^{\circ} 56^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 29^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ |

Bologna 202.04 .74 Parto S. Giorgio: $43^{\circ} 11^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 13^{\circ} 48^{\prime}$ E Italy.
L. 465.043
() 21.03 .76 Kercem (Gozo): $36^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.

Budapest 3 20.07.74 Piliscsaba: $47^{\circ} 38^{i} \mathrm{~N}, 18^{\circ} 50^{\prime}$ E Hungary.
189.029
() $00.11 .76 \quad \mathrm{Malta}:$ ca. $35^{\circ} 54^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 14^{\circ} 28^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$.


Recoveries of himondine species Hirundo rusticr, Riparia riparia and Delicbon urbica. The open symbols indicate recoveries of Malta-ringed birds. Solid symbols indicate foreign-ringed birds recovered in Malta. All recoveries effected during the same season as their ringinghave symbol marked with a dot.


[^0]:    Sand Martin Riparia tiparia
    KA 95.8124 02.05.75 Ramla Valley, Gozo.
    v 12.07.75 Stellendam, Overflakkee: $51^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 04^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ (Zuid Holland)
    (re-ringed Amhem)

