### **Virtual Pharmacy Museum**

Compiled by Elaine Seychell as part of her undergraduate project entitled "Setting up a Museum related to the healthcare professions", submitted in partial fulfillment for the degree of Bachelor of Pharmacy (Honours). The project was carried out under the supervision of Professor Anthony Serracino-Inglott.

This historical collection can be found at the Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta, Msida Campus.

# **Preparation and Dispensing Equipment**



**Pestle and Mortar**Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta



**Nest of sieves**Two sieves put onto each other with a lid at the top



Ointment jar with porcelain lid

Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta



Glass graduates

Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of

Malta



Pill-making

A. Top part of the pill machine (upper cutter)

B. Pill rounders

C. Pill boxes

A & B donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta C donated by: Ms. Catherine Abela



**Cachet machine** 

A. Metal plate with holes of different diameters
B. Funnels
C. Roller





**Moulds for conical suppositories**Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta

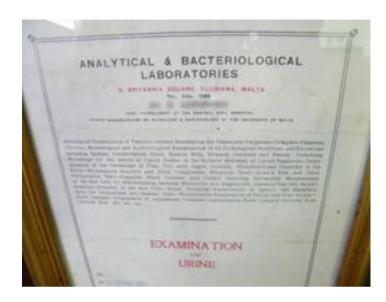




**Bougie Moulds**Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta



**Enema bulb**Donated by: Ms. Catherine Abela



A record of Analytical and Bacteriological Laboratories

It explains the examination of a sample of urine dating back to 1940.

Donated by: Mr. Adrian Camilleri



A. Glass test tube B. Spirit lamp

Donated by: Ms. Catherine Abela



**Urethral irrigator** 

Donated by: Ms. Celia Borg Cardona



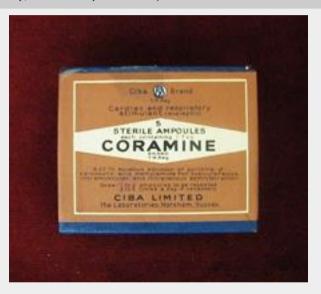
Measuring scales by COBOS with a wooden drawer holding:

A. a pair of tweezers for picking any weights due to their small size B. apothecaries weights (on the right) versus newer weights (on the left)

## **Drug Containers**

#### **Cardiovascular and Respiratory System**





Anacardone (diethylnicotinamide) and Coramine (nikethamide) as potent cardiac and respiratory stimulants



Glass capsules containing nitrite of amyl to induce coronary vasodilatation and hence treat angina pectoris.

The glass capsule used to be snapped and inhaled.



**Coagulen-Ciba** is derived from normal bovine blood. It contains the natural elements necessary for the clotting of blood.

#### Gynaecology





Gestone and Luteomensin containing corpus luteum to increase the production of progestin

#### **Sore Throat**



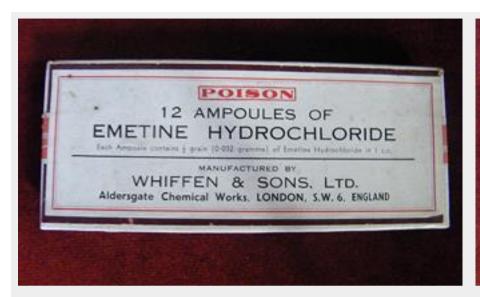
**Evans Antiseptic Throat Pastilles** to soothe the throat and protect against infections

### Analgesia



Saridone (propyphenazone, phenacetin (acetphenetidine), and caffeine) to produce analgesia

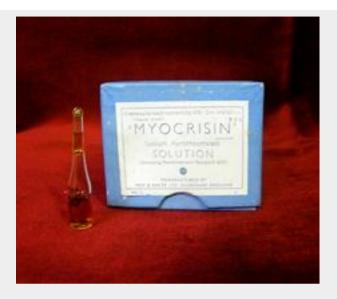
### Anti-protozoal





Emetine hydrochloride to treat infection caused by amoeba Entamoeba histolytica and to induce vomiting

### Musculoskeletal and joint diseases

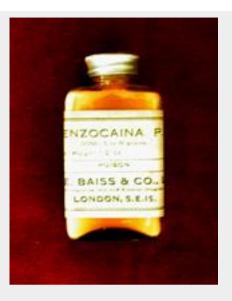


Myocrisin (sodium aurothiomalate) to suppress the disease process in rheumatoid arthritis

### Anaesthesia



**Pentothal** to induce general anaesthesia. A very short-acting barbiturate.



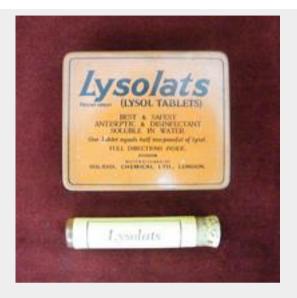
**Benzocaina** to induce local anaesthesia. A topical pain reliever.

#### **Nutrition – Vitamins**



**Adexolin** liquid (containing **Vitamins A and D**) to create resistance against infections and promote growth and build up of strong bones and teeth in children.

### **Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics**



**Lysolats** tablets to disinfect solutions

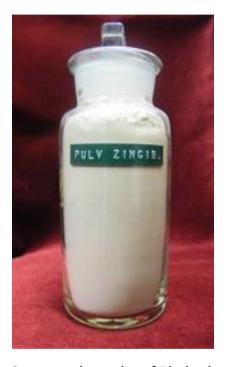
## **Dispensary Bottles**

#### Bottles for powders and granular substances



Rhubarb in powder
Pulvis Rhei (Pulv. Rhei)
Used as a stomachic and as a laxative

(Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta)



Compound powder of Rhubarb

Pulvis Rhei Compositus (Pulv. Rhei Co.)

Used as a laxative for delicate persons and children



Ginger in powder
Pulvis Zingiberis (Pulv. Zingib.)
Used mainly as a stomachic
and as a flavouring agent

(Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta)



Nux Vomica Pulverata (Nux. Vom. Pulverata)
Used in atonic dyspepsia and administered in
cachets or capsules, often with bismuth compounds
or pepsin

(Donated by: Department of Pharmacy, University of Malta)

**Bottle for liquid preparations** 

**Poison bottle** 



A lip at the top of the narrow neck aids pouring of liquids.



Available in different colours: blue, brown and green

### **Bottle for oils**



A hole in the stopper allows any spilt oil to return back to the bottle.

### Amber bottle



Provides protection against exposure to light